Savings and investments

Revisit your retirement contributions.
Review how much you’re contributing to your workplace retirement account. If you’re not taking full advantage of your employer’s match, it’s a great time to consider increasing your contribution. If you’ve already maxed out your match or your employer doesn’t offer one, boosting your contribution could still offer tax advantages. Now is also a good time to ensure that your portfolio allocation remains in line with your objectives.

Anticipate Roth recharacterizations.
If you converted a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA during 2016 and paid tax on the conversion, mark your calendar now to allow plenty of time to recharacterize (i.e., undo) the conversion if you need to. The deadline is your tax-filing deadline plus any extensions.

Take stock of your goals.
Did you set savings goals for 2016? Realistically evaluate how you did and think about your goals for next year. If you determine that you are off track, we’d be happy to help you develop and monitor a financial plan.

Health and wellness

Spend your FSA dollars.
If you have a flexible spending account (FSA), those funds may be forfeited if you don’t use them by year-end. (Some FSAs offer a 2.5-month grace period or the ability to carry over up to $500 into the next year; check with your employer to see if those options are available.) It’s also a good time to calculate your FSA allotment for next year, based on your current account excess or deficit.

If you are not using an FSA, evaluate your qualifying health care costs to see if setting one up for 2017 would make sense.

Make changes to Medicare coverage.
Open enrollment for Medicare started in October and ends December 7, 2016. For many, this is the only chance to change health and prescription drug coverage for 2017.

As 2016 draws to a close, it’s time to begin organizing your finances for the New Year. To help you get started, we’ve put together a list of key Planning topics to consider.
Here are a few key tax thresholds to keep in mind:

- The **39.6-percent marginal tax rate** affects those with taxable incomes in excess of $418,400 (individual), $470,700 (married filing jointly), $444,500 (head of household), and $235,350 (married filing separately).
- The **20-percent capital gains tax rate** applies to those in the 39.6-percent tax bracket.
- **Itemized deductions and personal exemption phaseouts** affect those with adjusted gross incomes above $261,500 (individual) and $313,800 (married filing jointly).
- The **3.8-percent surtax on investment income** applies to the lesser of net investment income or the excess of modified adjusted gross income over $200,000 (individual) and $250,000 (married filing jointly).

**Consider the benefits of charitable giving.**

Donating to charity is another good strategy for reducing taxable income. If you’d like to help a worthy cause while trimming your taxes, it’s worth exploring your charitable goals and various gifting alternatives.

**Make a strategy for stock options.**

If you hold stock options, now is a good time to make a strategy for managing current and future income. Consider the timing of a non-qualified stock option exercise. Would it make sense to avoid accelerating income into the current tax year, or defer income to future years, in light of your estimated tax picture? And don’t forget about the alternative minimum tax (AMT). If you’re considering exercising incentive stock options before year-end, have your tax advisor prepare an AMT projection to see if there’s any tax benefit to waiting until January of the following year.

**Plan for estimated taxes and RMDs.**

When considering your taxes for 2016, be sure to take any potentially large bonuses or a prosperous business year into account. You may have to file estimated taxes or increase the upcoming January payment. If you’re turning 70 1/2, you’ll need a strategy for taking required minimum distributions (RMDs) from your traditional IRA and 401(k) plans.
Taxes, taxes, taxes continued

Adjust your withholding.
If you think you may be subject to an estimated tax penalty, consider asking your employer (via Form W-4) to increase your withholding for the remainder of the year to cover the shortfall. The biggest advantage of this is that withholding is considered as having been paid evenly throughout the year instead of when the dollars are actually taken from your paycheck. You can also use this strategy to make up for low or missing quarterly estimated tax payments.

Proactive Planning

Review your estate documents.
To help ensure that your estate plan stays in tune with your goals and needs, you should review and update it on an ongoing basis to account for any life changes or other circumstances. If you haven’t done so during 2016, take time to:
- Check trust funding
- Update beneficiary designations
- Review trustee and agent appointments
- Review provisions of powers of attorney and health care directives
- Ensure that you fully understand all of your documents

Check your credit report.
It’s important to monitor your credit report regularly for suspicious activity that could indicate identity theft. Federal law requires that each of the nationwide credit reporting companies (Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion) provide you with a free copy of your report every 12 months, at your request.